Late 19th c. Sculpture



Myron, *Diskobolos* (*Discus Thrower*),

5th C BCE (Roman copy),marble, Rome, Museo Nazionale Romano



Michelangelo, *David*, 1501, 5.17 meter (17 ft). Marble.



Gianlorenzo Bernini, David, 1623. Marble, approx. 5' 7" high. Galleria Borghese, Rome.

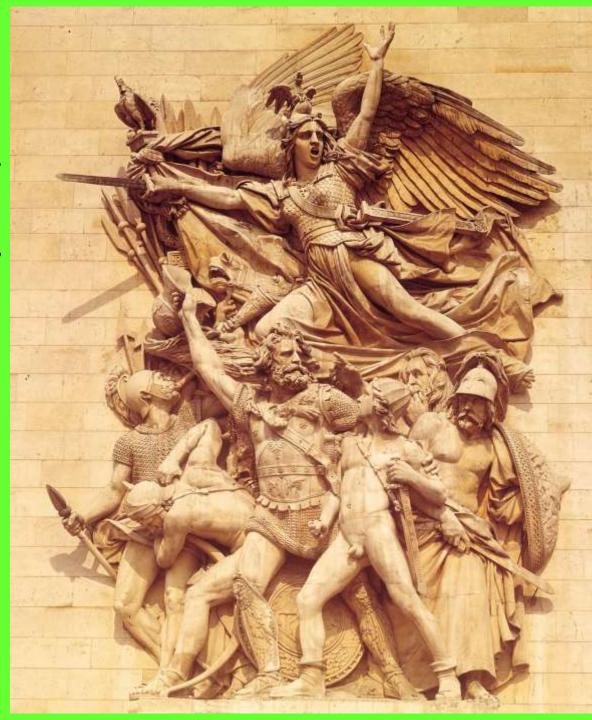


Horatio Greenough (American Neoclassical) *George Washington*, 1840. Marble.

Romanticism/Neo Classicism FRANÇOIS RUDE

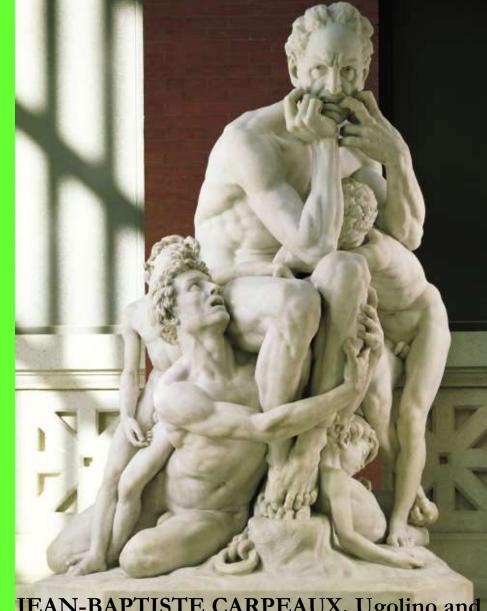
La Marseillaise (the Departure of the Volunteers of 1792),

Arc de Triomphe, Paris, France, 1833-1836,





Comparison:
ATHANADOROS,
HAGESANDROS, and
POLYDOROS OF RHODES, *Laocoön and his sons*, from
Rome, Italy, early first century
CE Marble, approx. 7' 10 1/2"
high. Vatican Museums, Rome.



JEAN-BAPTISTE CARPEAUX, Ugolino and His Children

1865–1867. Marble, 6' 5" high. Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York



Jean-Baptiste Carpeaux. The Dance.

Stone. 1867-8.

A replica by Paul Belmondo at its original place - the façade of the Paris Opera.



Realism (Mid - Late 19th c.)

An art movement and style that deliberately abandoned the obscure subjects normally found in academic art in order to concentrate on portraying contemporary themes.



Honore Daumier (French painter, sculptor, and caricaturist.), *The Third-Class Carriage*,

ca. 1862. Oil on canvas, 2' 1 3/4" x 2' 11 1/2".

Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York.

Honore Daumier *Mr. Sebast,* lithograph1833



HONORE DAUMIER - MAN OF HIS TIME (Start from 2:39)

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p-Q1ONdc5uw



Honore Daumier

Count Auguste-Hilarion de Kératry (1769-1859), Deputy, Peer of France. 1833 Colored clay.

Government official and art critic.

Honore Daumier, Laurent Cunin, Politician (The Angry Man), 1832-35 oil-glazed clay, H. 15 cm



Honore Daumier, *Charles Philipon*, 1833, Unbaked clay, tinted, 16,4 x 13 x 10,6 cm

(He was the editor of the La Caricature and of Le Charivari, both satirical political journals)





In 1850, as Louis Napoleon seemed to be an increasing threat to the republic, Daumier fashioned a sculptured caricature, Ratapoil ("Ratskin"), which symbolized the whole class of Bonapartist followers and Napoleon himself.



Honore Daumier, Ratapoil (Hairy Rat), 1850, Bronze, H 38 cm



ANTONIO CANOVA

Napoleon as Mars the Peacemaker, 1803-06 Marble, height 326 cm



FRANÇOIS RUDE

La Marseillaise (the Departure of the Volunteers of 1792), Arc de Triomphe, Paris, France, 1833-1836,



Honore Daumier, Ratapoil (Hairy Rat), 1850, Bronze, H 38 cm

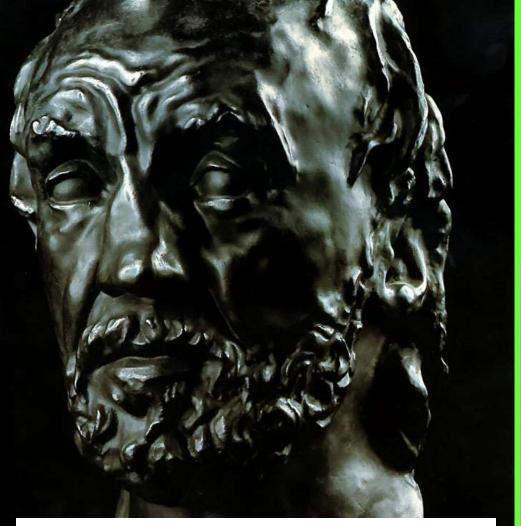


Auguste Rodin (1840-1917)

French sculptor. Rodin is generally considered the progenitor of modern sculpture.

His works are distinguished by their strength and realism.

In 1864 Rodin met a seamstress named Rose Beuret. She became his life companion and was the model for many of his works. The couple bore a son, Auguste Beuret. Rodin married her in the last year of both their lives.



Rodin, Man with a Broken Nose 1864. Bronze, 12x7x6" Smithsonian Institute, Washington D.C

A bust of an old street porter, which was rejected by the Salon as being offensively realistic and unfinished fragment.





The lively modeling of the nude and its deceptively realistic appearance represented such a departure from the conventions of academic sculpture of the time that Rodin was accused of casting from a live model, a practice greatly frowned upon.

Auguste Rodin, The Age of Bronze, modeled 1876, (this bronze cast ca. 1906,); H. 72 in. (182.9 cm)



Rodin, Age of Bronze, (bronze and plaster casts), 1876

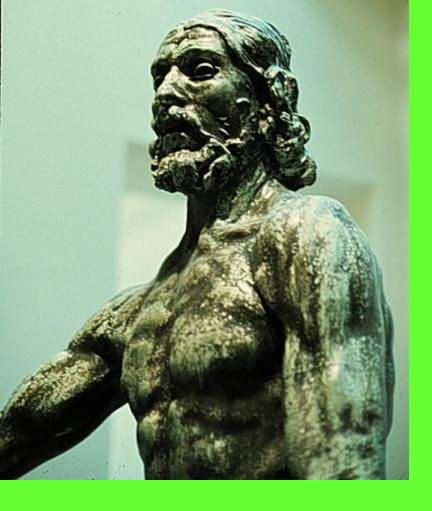






Auguste Rodin, The Age of Bronze, modeled 1876, (this bronze cast ca. 1906,); H. 72 in. (182.9 cm)





Rodin, *John the Baptist Preaching*, Bronze, 6' 6 3/4" 1878 (cast 1921)





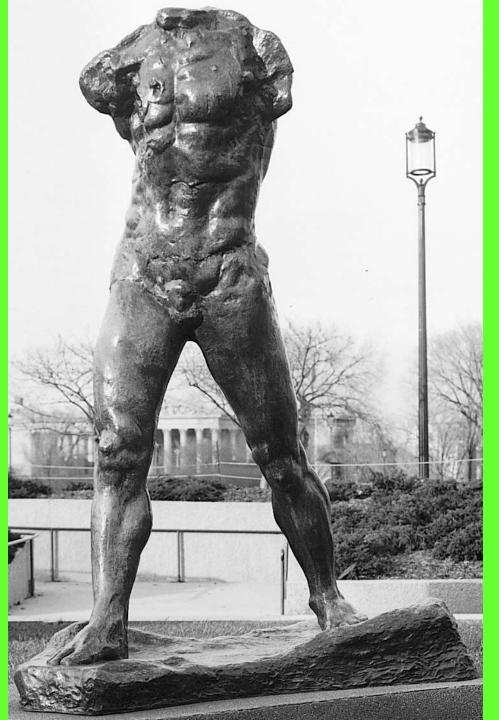
Rodin, Torso of a man (Study for Saint John the Baptist Preaching/ Torso of the Walking Man,) 1878. Bronze.

"The sculptor must learn to reproduce the surface, which means all that vibrates on the surface, soul, love, passion, life... sculpture is thus the art of hollows and mounds, not of smoothness or even polished planes."

Auguste Rodin

AUGUSTE RODIN Walking Man

1905, cast 1962. Bronze, 6' 11 3/4" high. Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden, Smithsonian Institution, Washington.



AUGUSTE RODIN Walking Man, 1905











Comparison: Romanticiscm. Antoine Louis Barye, *Jaguar Devouring a Hare*, 1850-51. Bronze, 1'4"X3'4", Louvre, Paris.

AUGUSTE RODIN Walking Man

1905, cast 1962. Bronze, 6' 11 3/4" high. Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden, Smithsonian Institution, Washington.





Roman Marble Torso of the Diskophoros ("Discus-Bearer")
1st Century AD. H: 99 cm



AUGUSTE RODIN *Walking Man*, 1905



Berthe Morisot, *Summer's Day*, 1879, oil on canvas. National Gallery, London

AUGUSTE RODIN Walking Man

1905, cast 1962. Bronze, 6' 11 3/4" high. Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden, Smithsonian Institution, Washington.





Auguste Rodin. La Danaide, 1885

"It is [Michelangelo] who has freed me from academic sculpture."

Auguste Rodin



Michelangelo's unfinished sculptures known as St-Matthew



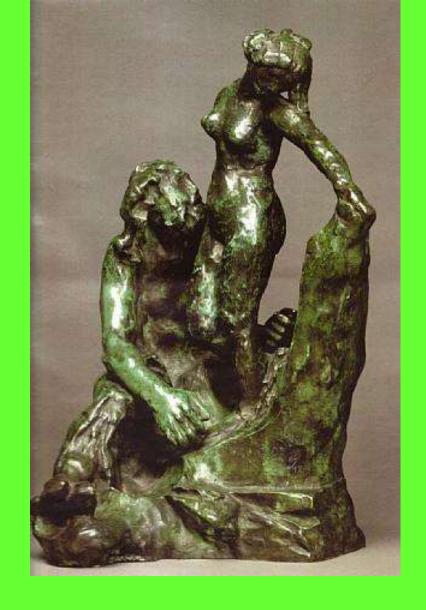
Michelangelo, *Pietà*Rondanini, (unfinished),
1552-64, Marble, height:
195 cm







Jean-Léon Gérôme (Neo Classical Academic painter), Pygmalion and Galatea, 1890



Auguste Rodin, *Pygmalion and Galatea*, 1888, bronze



One of the highlights of Cantor Arts Center is the Rodin sculpture garden, which contains 20 bronzes. In total, the Cantors donated 187 of Rodin's works, making Stanford University the third largest Rodin collection in the world after the Musée Rodin in Paris and the Rodin Museum in Philadelphia, PA.





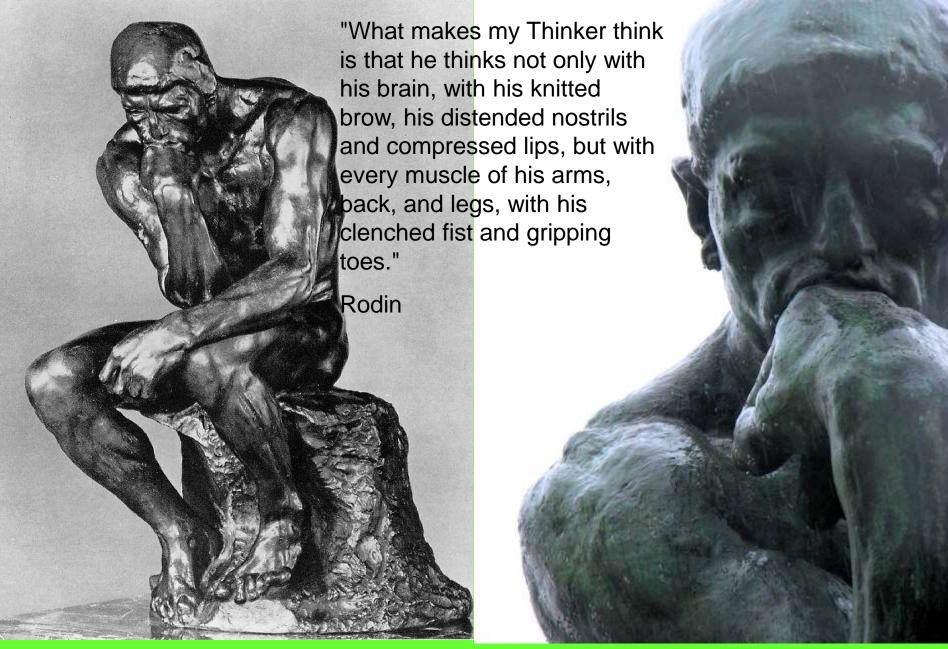
Rodin, *The Gates of Hell*, details, 1880-1917, bronze.

It stands at 6 m high, 4 m wide and 1 m deep (19.69'H × 13.12'W × 3.29'D) and contains 180 figures. The figures range from 15 cm high up to more than one meter.





Lorenzo Ghiberti, *The Gates of Paradise* (East **Door**) 1425-52 Bronze with gilding Frame height 506 cm, width 287 cm Baptistery, Florence



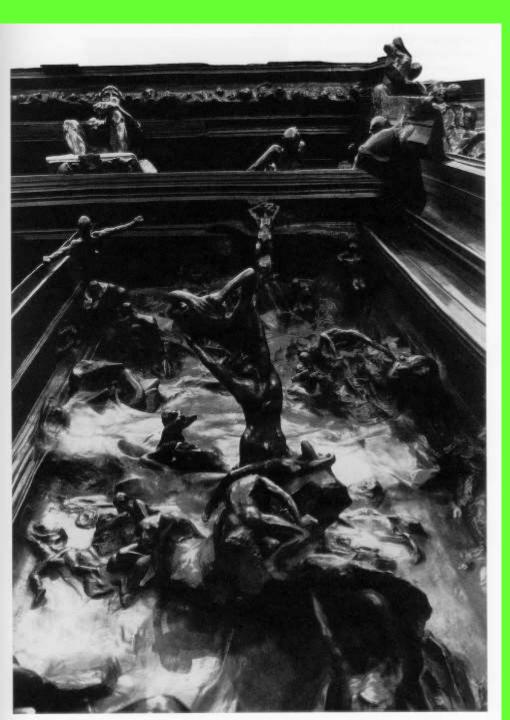
The Thinker, 1880



The three shades, 1880

"Abandon every hope, you who enters here," Dante, Inferno





Rodin, *The Gates of Hell*, details, 1880-1917, bronze.



Rodin, *The Gates of Hell*, details, 1880-1917, bronze.



Rodin, *The Gates of Hell*, details, 1880-1917, bronze.



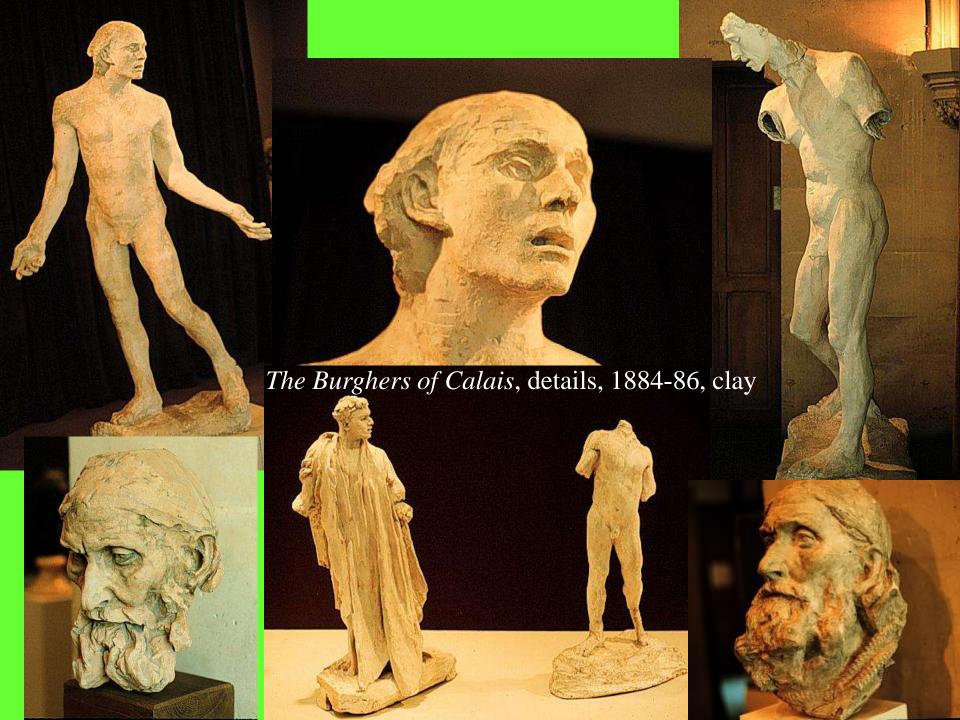




AUGUSTE RODIN, Burghers of Calais, 1884–1889, cast ca. 1953–1959. Bronze, 6' 10 1/2" high, 7' 11" long, 6' 6" deep. Smithsonian Institution, Washington.



AUGUSTE RODIN, Burghers of Calais, 1884–1889, cast ca. 1953–1959. Bronze, 6' 10 1/2" high, 7' 11" long, 6' 6" deep. Smithsonian Institution, Washington.







The Burghers of Calais, details, 1884-86, bronze









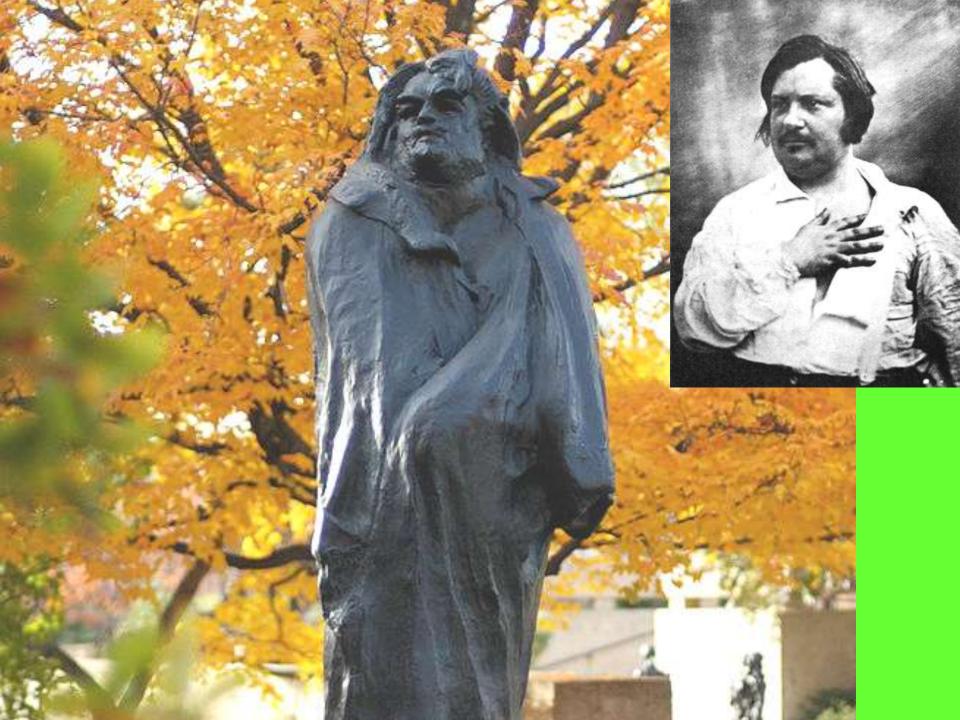








Rodin. *Monument to Balzac*, bronze. 1891-1898. 9' 3" x 4' 0" x 3' 5" (2.82 m x 1.22 m x 1.04 m) Museum of Modern Art, Sculpture Garden. (cast in bronze – 1939)





Auguste Rodin. *Balzac*, 1892-7. Plaster, 9' 10". Musée d'Orsay, Paris.



The French sculptor Camille Claudel (1864-1943) was the muse, pupil, and lover of Auguste Rodin, as well as a major artist in her own right.

The art critic Octave Mirbeau wrote she was "A revolt against nature: a woman genius".

After her breakup with Rodin in 1898, Claudel composed some of her best sculptures, yet she grew increasingly reclusive and paranoid. In 1913 her family committed her to an asylum, where she remained for the last 30 years of her life.

http://youtu.be/T0opJcANHN4





Rodin. *Thought*(Camille Claudel)

1886-89. Marble,29 inches high



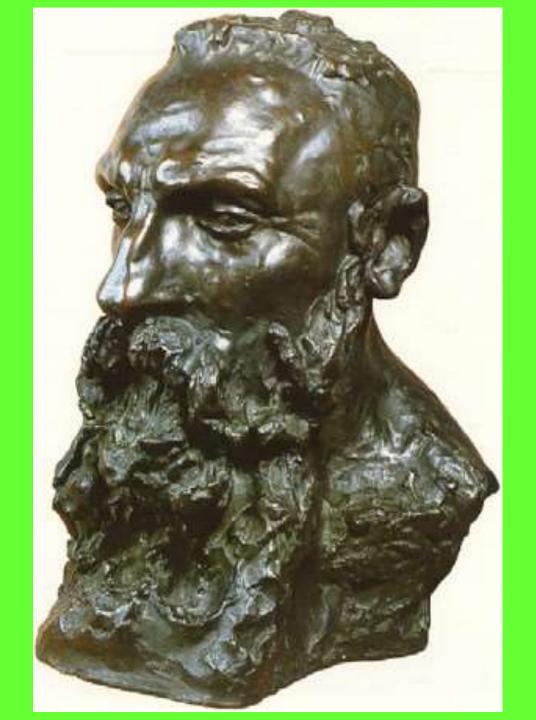
Rodin. Camille Claudel

1884



Rodin. Camille Claudel

Camille Claudel. *Bust of Rodin* (1892)



Camille Claudel, *The Prayer*, 1889





Camille Claudel, *The Waltz*, 1891-1893



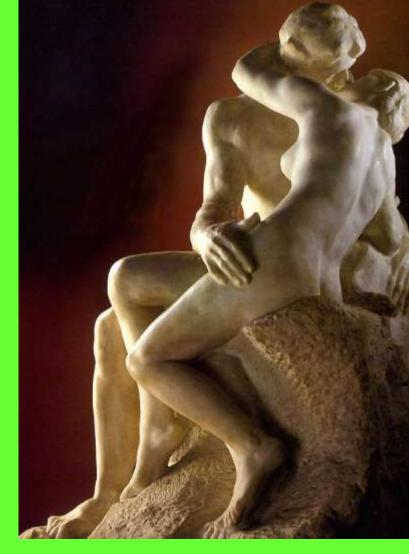












Rodin. The Kiss, marble, 1886

Camille Claudel.

Abandonment 1886-1905







Camille Claudel
Woman by the
Fireplace, Cast
bronze and marble
sculpture
(1899-1905)





Camille Claudel, Chatting Women, 1897

Camille Claudel's *Vague (wave)*. Onyx and bronze



Camille Claudel, Chatting Women, 1897



Camille Claudel, *Chatting Women*, 1897



Camille Claudel (1864-1943) La Petite Châtelaine, 1895 Marble - 34.6 x 28.4 x 22.7 cm Paris, Musée Rodin





Edgar Degas made many sculptures. Created in the privacy of his studio, those wax figures were not intended for public display; his heirs had them cast in bronze after his death.

This sculpture was exhibited at the 1881 Impressionist exhibition, the only time the artist showed one of his sculptures.

Edgar Degas.

Little Dancer, Fourteen Years Old. Cast in 1922 from a mixed-media sculpture modeled ca. 1879–80

Bronze, partly tinted, with cotton skirt and satin hair ribbon, on a wooden base; H. 41 1/4 in. (104.8 cm)

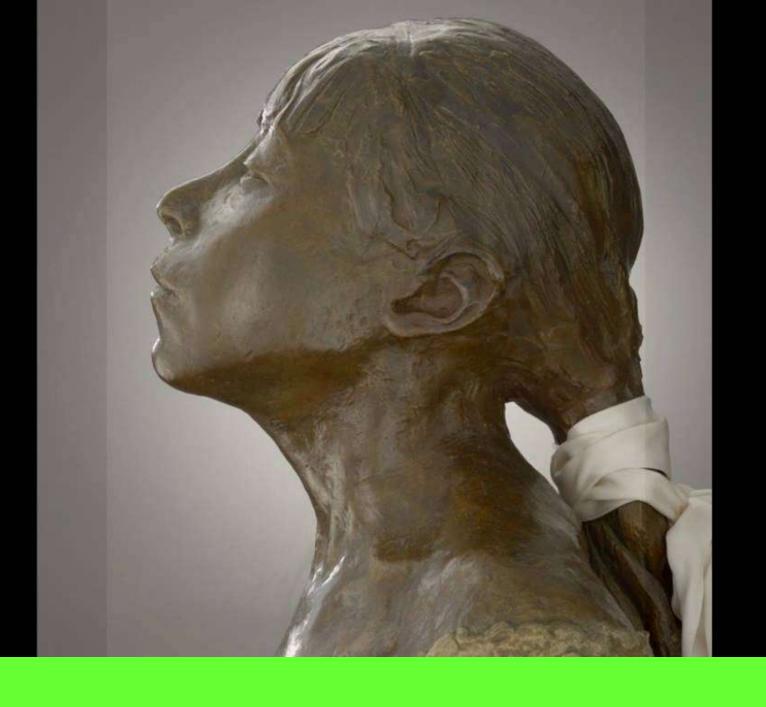
Original materials: wax, silk bodice, tulle and gauze tutu, fabric slippers, real hair tied with a ribbon.













EDGAR DEGAS, Ballet Rehearsal. 1874.

Edgar Degas, *The Little Fourteen-Year-Old Dancer*; cast in 1922 from a mixed-media sculpture modeled ca. 1879–80

Bronze, partly tinted, with cotton skirt and satin hair ribbon, on a wooden base; H. 41 1/4 in. (104.8 cm)



Comparison: **Paul Dubois.** *A Fifteenth-Century Florentine Singer.* 1865. Silvered bronze statue H. 155; W. 58; D. 50 cm. Paris, Musée d'Orsay





Edgar Degas, The Little Fourteen-Year-Old Dancer; cast in 1922 from a mixed-media sculpture modeled ca. 1879–80

Bronze, partly tinted, with cotton skirt and satin hair ribbon, on a wooden base; H. 41 1/4 in. (104.8 cm)



The original version of *The Tub* consists of a reddish-brown wax figure reclining in an actual lead basin; plaster had been poured into the bottom of the basin to simulated water, and real draperies soaked in plaster crumbed around the tub.

Edgar Degas: The Tub, 1888. Bronze with varied patina, 8 1/2 inches high







Edgar Degas: *The Tub*, 1888. Bronze with varied patina, 8 1/2 inches high

EDGAR DEGAS, The Tub, 1886. Pastel, 1' 11 1/2" x 2' 8 3/8". Musée d'Orsay, Paris.

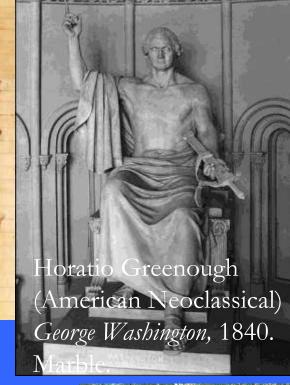




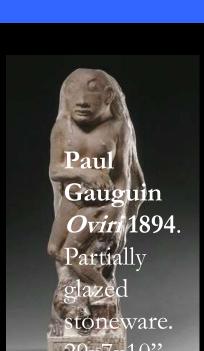
Edgar Degas: Seated Woman Wiping Left Hip, (CA. 1896-1911/CAST 1919-1924) Bronze. 17 7/8 x 18 3/4 x 11 1/2 in. (45.5 x 47.5 x 29.3 cm.)

In what ways did the sculptors of the later 19th century break from the past? (Refer to texture, materials, proportions, themes, size, sources of influence, expression of emotions, realism, relationship with viewer, etc.)





Edgar Degas. Dancer, Fourteen ears Old. 1879–80 Bronze, cotton skirt, satin hair ribbon, wooden base; H. 41 $1/4 \, \text{in.}$



Honore Daumier. Jacques Lefévre (1777-1856), Banker and Deputy. 1833. Colored c

Rodin. Balzac, bronze.

