

Math 11 Winter 2019

NAME Last _____

First _____

KEY

Quiz Sections 7.1-7.6, 8.1-8.4

23 out of 20 points possible on this quiz

The word **distinct** means **different** or **unique** or **NOT identical**, or **NOT the same**.

1. 150 college students are surveyed about their for spring break plans

T = { students who plan to Travel }

W = { students who plan to Work to earn money }

F = { students who plan to spend time with Family or Friends }

In the group of 150 students included in the survey,

90 plan to spend time with Family/Friends

60 plan to Work to earn money

50 plan to Travel

Of those:

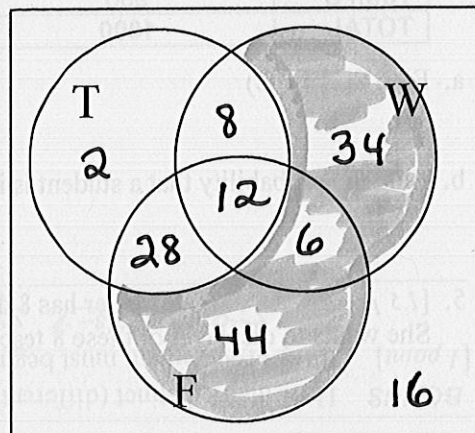
40 plan to Travel and to spend time with Family/Friends

20 plan to Travel and to Work to earn money

18 plan to spend time with Family/Friends and Work to earn money

This includes that fact that 12 people expect to do all three of these activities

see bottom
of page for
how to
do this



a. [4 points] Complete the numbers in ALL 8 regions shown in the Venn diagram (inside and outside circles).

b. [1.5 points] How many plan to Work to earn money or to spend time with Family/Friends but NOT travel.

$$34 + 6 + 44 = 84 \quad (W \cup F) \cap T^c \text{ shaded above}$$

QUESTIONS 2 – 3: SHOW WORK SETTING UP THE CALCULATION & EVALUATE THE ANSWER

2. [2 points] How many distinct (different, unique) arrangements can be made using all 9 letters of the word SLEEPLESS?

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{repeated letters} \\ E:3 \quad S:3 \quad L:2 \end{array} \quad \frac{9!}{3! \cdot 3! \cdot 2!} = \frac{362880}{72} = 5040$$

For question 1 work from center out

WNFAT has 12 in the center

so the total "wedge" for WNF must have $18 - 12 = 6$
TNF must have $40 - 12 = 28$
TAW must have $20 - 12 = 8$

Then outer part of T circle has $50 - (8 + 12 + 28) = 2$

outer part of W circle has $60 - (8 + 12 + 6) = 34$

outer part of F circle has $90 - (12 + 28 + 6) = 44$

And add up everything gives $2 + 8 + 34 + 28 + 12 + 6 + 44 = 134$

So the region outside the circles has $150 - 134 = 16$

QUESTION 3 HAD A CORRECTION. HERE ARE BOTH VERSIONS SOLUTIONS

3. Question 3 a, b, c refer to the following: A radio station just received recordings for 24 different new songs. 8 of these songs are pop songs and 12 are rock songs and 4 are jazz.

a. [1.5 points]] They want to play 7 songs in the next hour.

How many different selections of 7 of these new songs are possible?

(Note: We care which 7 songs are selected (chosen) to be played, but not the order in which they are played.)

$$24 C_7 = 346104$$

b. [1.5 points] How many different selections of 7 songs are possible if 2 are pop songs, 3 are rock songs and 2 are jazz? (Note: We care which 7 songs are selected (chosen) to be played, but not the order in which they are played.)

$$(8 C_2)(12 C_3)(4 C_2) = (28)(220)(6) = 36960$$

c. BONUS [1 point] How many different ordered playlists of 7 songs are possible that consist of 2 pop songs, 3 rock songs, and 2 jazz.

(Note: We care which 7 songs are selected and also care about the order in which they are arranged to be played.)

$$[(8 C_2)(12 C_3)(4 C_2)] \cdot (7!) = (36960)(5040) = 186,278,400$$

select the 7 songs from categories as needed arrange the 7 songs selected

order does not matter

OR

3. Question 3 a, b, c refer to the following: A radio station just received recordings for 20 different new songs. 6 of these songs are pop songs and 10 are rock songs and 4 are jazz.

a. [1.5 points]] They want to play 7 songs in the next hour.

How many different selections of 7 of these new songs are possible?

(Note: We care which 7 songs are selected (chosen) to be played, but not the order in which they are played.)

$$20 C_7 = 77520$$

b. [1.5 points] How many different selections of 7 songs are possible if 2 are pop songs, 3 are rock songs and 2 are jazz? (Note: We care which 7 songs are selected (chosen) to be played, but not the order in which they are played.)

$$(6 C_2)(10 C_3)(4 C_2) = (15)(120)(6) = 10800$$

c. BONUS [1 point] How many different ordered playlists of 7 songs are possible that consist of 2 pop songs, 3 rock songs, and 2 jazz.

(Note: We care which 7 songs are selected and also care about the order in which they are arranged to be played.)

$$[(6 C_2)(10 C_3)(4 C_2)] \cdot (7!) = (10800)(5040) = 54,432,00$$

select the 7 songs from categories as needed arrange the 7 songs selected

order does not matter

QUESTIONS THIS PAGE: SHOW WORK SETTING UP THE CALCULATION & EVALUATE THE ANSWER

4. [2 points] For 3 different towns, the table shows the number of students enrolled in school, by type (level) of school.

	Elementary School (E)	Middle School (M)	High School (H)	TOTAL
Town A	500	350	400	1250
Town B	400	250	300	950
Town C	900	400	600	1900
TOTAL	1800	1000	1300	4100

State answer as fraction from table or round to 3 decimal places if using decimal form.

- a. Find $P(H \cap C)$

$$P(H \cap C) = \frac{600}{4100} = .146$$

- b. Find the probability that a student is in Elementary school given that they are in Town B.

$$P(E|B) = \frac{400}{950} = .421$$

Note: $P(B|E) = \frac{400}{1800} = .222$ is not correct

5. [1.5 points] An antique dealer has 8 different fine china teacups. Each cup has a different design or pattern. She wants to display 5 of these 8 teacups in a row on a shelf. How many different arrangements are possible?

$${}_8P_5 = (8)(7)(6)(5)(4) = 6720$$

6. [1.5 points each part] At BargainMart, here is some information about sales

37% of customers buy clothing

25% of customers buy electronics $P(E) = .25$

45% of customers buy housewares $P(H) = .45$

11% of customers buy both electronics and housewares $P(E \cap H) = .11$

Events:

E = customer buys electronics
H = customer buys housewares
C = customer buys clothing

SHOW WORK. Round answers to 3 decimal places, as needed.

- a. Find the probability that a randomly selected customer buys electronics or housewares. ← Find $P(E \cup H)$

Addition Rule for "OR" \cup
 $P(E \cup H) = P(E) + P(H) - P(E \cap H)$
 $= .25 + .45 - .11 = .59$

- b. Find the probability that a randomly selected customer buys electronics (if given that) they buy housewares.

Conditional Probability Rule
 $P(E|H) = \frac{P(E \cap H)}{P(H)} = \frac{.11}{.45} = .244$

7. A college tutorial center has 17 tutors on its staff: 7 science tutors and 10 math tutors.

8 tutors are being selected to work on Monday. SHOW WORK and round answer to 3 decimal places

- a. [2 points] Find the probability that the group of 8 tutors selected has exactly 6 math tutors.

$$\frac{({}_{10}C_6)({}_7C_2)}{{}_{17}C_8} = \frac{(210)(21)}{24310} = \frac{4410}{24310} = .181$$

- b. [2 points] Find the probability that the group of 8 tutors selected has 5 or 6 math tutors.

$$\frac{({}_{10}C_5)({}_7C_3) + ({}_{10}C_6)({}_7C_2)}{{}_{17}C_8} = \frac{(252)(35) + (210)(21)}{24310} = \frac{13230 + 4410}{24310} = \frac{17640}{24310} = .726$$

BONUS How many distinct (different) arrangements can be made using all 9 letters of the word DUPLICATE

[1 point] if the arrangement must begin with 3 consonants. (consonants are DPLCT / vowels are UIAE)

←consonants→ ←consonants or vowels are OK→
 ${}_5P_3 \cdot ({}_6P_6 \text{ or } 6!)$

$$({}_5P_3)({}_6P_6) = [(5)(4)(3)](6!) = 43200$$